Section 5: What interests international organizations?

Where no year is indicated in the title, the current edition applies. Titles written in roman type refer to statistical tables. Titles written in italic type refer to visualizations (charts, graphs).

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Figure 5.1. Matrix of subjects used in the Yearbook of International Organizations Edition 49, 2012/2013

This matrix gives the major categories for classification purposes used for this Yearbook. Specific subjects are sub-categories within these major categories. The organization of the matrix is discussed in detail in 10.4. "Functional Classification". In brief, the matrix is a network of 10 rows (or levels) by 10 columns, giving 100 possible major subject categories. Both levels and columns are numbered from 0 to 9, starting at the bottom left and moving up and right. The more concrete the subject the lower the row, the more intangible, the higher. Thus, row 0 holds the physical sciences ("Cosmosphere/Geosphere"), row 1 the biological sciences ("Biosphere") and so on up to row 9, the least tangible ("modes of awareness"). In the same way, the columns move from the most concrete ("Formal preconditions") to the least concrete ("Condition of the whole"). Each of these 100 major categories has a code number determined by its position in the matrix. Thus "Health Care", in row 3 and and column 2, is coded 32. A further 2 digits are added to allow the subdivision of major categories. "Health Care" itself is 3200; subdivisions include "mental health" (3203), "hospitals and clinics" (3210), "nursing" (3224), etc.

General headings

Matrix levels:

- Cosmosphere/Geosphere
- 1 Biosphere
- 2 Social action (structure)
- 3 Social action (context)
- 4 Concept formation (structure)
- 5 Concept formation (context)
- 6 Innovative change (structure)
- 7 Innovative change (context)
- 8 Experiential (values)
- 9 Experiential (modes of awareness)

Matrix columns:

- 0 Formal preconditions
- 1 Domain definition
- 2 Organized relations
- 3 Differentiated order
- 4 Contextual renewal
- 5 Controlled movement
- 6 Communication reinforcement
- Resource redistribution
- 8 Environmental manipulation
- Condition of the whole

Formal concepts	Pattern establishment and consolidation				Pattern adaptation and propagation		Pattern innovation and exploitation		Pattern (im)balance
Precondition	Domain definition	Organized relations	Differentiated order	Contextual renewal	Controlled movement		Resource redistribution	Environmental manipulation	Condition of the whole

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
9	Consciousness	Leadership (Authenticity)	Love (Compassion)	Comprehension	Creative expression	Vigilance (Courage)	Transcendence (Detachment)	Freedom (Liberation)	Perseverance	Oneness (Universality)
	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
8	Principles	Purpose	Solidarity (Cooperation)	Idealism	Harmony	Integration	Meaning	Sharing	Resourcefulness (Inventiveness)	Equanimity
	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
7	Innovative change	Logics	Emotional fulfilment	Philosophy	Aesthetics	Security	Morals, ethics	Community	Coevolution	Peace (Justice)
	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
6	Development	Policy making (Futurology)		Language	Design	Inter- disciplinarity	Individuation, psycho-analysis	Co-operative	Invention	Conservation
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
5	Noosphere	Science	Experiential activities	History	Culture	Strategy, logistics	Theology	Metapolitics	Agroscience	International relations
	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
4		Sociology	Management	Informatics, classification	Ekistics (Architecture)	Cybernetics (Systems)	Psychology (Behaviour)	Economics	Technology	Environment
	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
3		Research, standards	Health care	Education	Recreation (Arts, sports)	Defence (Police)	Religious practice	Government, politics	Agriculture, fisheries	Law
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
2	Action	Society	Social activity (Employment)	Information (Documentation)	Amenities (Necessities)	Transportation, telecommun.	Communication (Media)	Commerce (Finance)	Industry (Production)	Societal problems
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	Life	Biosciences	Plant Life	Zoology	Invertebrates	Fish, reptiles	Birds, mammals	Mankind	Medicine	Geography (Ecology)
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
0	Fundamental sciences	Astronomy	Earth	Meteorology	Climatology	Oceanography	Hydrology	Geophysics	Geology	Resources (Energy)
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09